

# LINEAR MOVEMENT

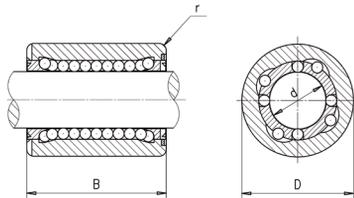
## LINEAR BEARINGS

### Standard product line - microlinea

Miniature high precision linear bearings.  
L – series with stainless steel housing and brass retainer.

### On request

- All stainless steel execution
- With reduced bore tolerance



Reference	d (mm)	D (mm)	B (mm)	r min (mm)	Ø balls (mm)	Load ratings ISO 14728 (N)	
						stat. (C <sub>0</sub> )	dyn. (C <sub>1006</sub> )
L 204X	2	4	5	0.02	0.500	8.4	9.0
L 306X	3	6	7	0.13	0.600	31	26
L 307X	3	7	10	0.20	0.794	73	56
L 408X	4	8	10	0.24	0.794	66	53
L 510X	5	10	14	0.24	1.250	131	118
L 612X	6	12	18	0.39	1.588	250	220

### Materials

Housing: stainless steel AISI 440C  
 Cage: brass or stainless steel AISI 303  
 Shields: stainless steel AISI 302 or AISI 303  
 Balls: stainless steel AISI 440C  
 Lubrication: standard: Winsor Lube L245X (other oils on request)  
 Temperature: -40°C to +80°C or more with the appropriate lubricant  
 Bearings tolerances: bore diameter d +8/0 [µm]  
 outside diameter D 0/-8 [µm]

### Example of part number definition

L 204X-L23ar miniature precision linear bearing  
 L 204X-L23ar bore diameter = 2 mm  
 L 204X-L23ar outer diameter = 4 mm  
 L 204X-L23ar stainless steel  
 L 204X-L23ar lubricant: L = oil; G = grease  
 L 204X-L23ar type of lubricant  
 L 204X-L23ar rust protection, dipped in oil

Recommended tolerances for shaft: 0/-6 µm  
 Recommended hardness for shaft: min. 58 HRC  
 Max. press fit between the outer ring and housing: 1 to 3 µm

### Linear bearings calculation

$C_{100B}$  is calculated according to ISO 14728. 100 stands for a nominal life expectancy of 100 km and B for linear ball bearing. Without any precision, a C value may also correspond to  $C_{50B}$  ( $C_{50B} = 1.26 \cdot C_{100B}$ ).

### General formulas

The theoretical life has no practical value unless the following conditions are scrupulously observed:

- Magnitude and direction of constant load carefully determined
- Suitable hardness of shaft
- Constant temperature not exceeding 100°C
- Rigorous cleanliness in mounting and during running
- Careful choice and dosage of lubricant

### Life in achievable distance

$L_m$ : Life expectancy in meters [m]

$C_{100B}$ : Dynamic load rating [N]

P: Equivalent dynamic load [N]

$$L_m = \left( \frac{C_{100B}}{P} \right)^3 \cdot 10^5$$

### Life in hours

$L_h$ : Life expectancy in hours [h]

f: Number of double strokes per minute [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]

s: Length of a double stroke [m]

$$L_h = \left( \frac{C_{100B}}{P} \right)^3 \cdot \frac{10^5}{f \cdot s \cdot 60}$$

According to ISO 14728, one shall consider a static safety factor so that the actual load does not exceed half of the  $C_0$  value.

*Specifications subject to change without notice*